Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP

Site Name: Sweeny Old Ocean Facilities Area Name: Polyethylene Units 40 And 41 Physical Location: 21441 Loop 419 Nearest City: Sweeny County: Brazoria

> Permit Number: O3961 Project Type: Significant Revision

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code: 325199
NAICS Name: All Other Basic Organic Chemical Manufacturing

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft changes to the permit conditions resulting from the significant revision project in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). The applicant has submitted an application for a significant permit revision per §§ 122.219-221. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A description of the revision project;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected:

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: November 5, 2021

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Description of Revisions

This revision incorporates the amendment to Permit Number 103832 and major modification to Permit Numbers N166M4, GHGPSDTX196M1, and PSDTX1566M1, issued October 15, 2021. Tank PEGASTK was added to the SOP with permit shields for 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs and 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb.

Permit Area Process Description

Chevron Philips Chemical Company, LP (CPChem) owns and operates the Sweeny/Old Ocean Plant located in Sweeny, Brazoria County, Texas. The polyethylene production facilities at the site are operated under Site Operating Permit (SOP) O3961. The purpose of this significant revision application is to incorporate the pending amendment of NSR Permit No. 103832/N166M4/PSDTX196M1 to authorize physical changes to upgrade the cooling capacities of Unit 40. CPChem is requesting to expedite this project application.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: 02151

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, SO2, PM, NOX, HAPS, CO

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - o Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - Applicable Requirements Summary

- Unit Summary
- Applicable Requirements Summary
- Additional Monitoring Requirements
- o Permit Shield
- New Source Review Authorization References
- o Compliance Plan
- o Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - Acronym list
- Appendix B
 - o Copies of major NSR authorizations

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on an OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table is based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain

applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	Yes
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	No
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No
Federal Implementation Plan for Regional Haze (Texas SO ₂ Trading Program)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities and Emission Units

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

De Minimis Sources

1. Sources identified in the "De Minimis Facilities or Sources" list maintained by TCEQ. The list is available at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/newsourcereview/de minimis.html.

Miscellaneous Sources

- Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 3. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 4. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 5. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 6. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 7. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 8. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 9. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 10. Well cellars.
- 11. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 12. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 13. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 14. Battery recharging areas.

Sources Authorized by 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule

- 15. Sources authorized by §106.102: Combustion units designed and used exclusively for comfort heating purposes employing liquid petroleum gas, natural gas, solid wood, or distillate fuel oil.
- 16. Sources authorized by §106.122: Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 17. Sources authorized by §106.141: Batch mixers with rated capacity of 27 cubic feet or less for mixing cement, sand, aggregate, lime, gypsum, additives, and/or water to produce concrete, grout, stucco, mortar, or other similar products.
- 18. Sources authorized by §106.143: Wet sand and gravel production facilities that obtain material from subterranean and subaqueous beds where the deposits of sand and gravel are consolidated granular materials resulting from natural disintegration of rock and stone and have a production rate of 500 tons per hour or less.
- 19. Sources authorized by §106.148: Railcar or truck unloading of wet sand, gravel, aggregate, coal, lignite, and scrap iron or scrap steel (but not including metal ores, metal oxides, battery parts, or fine dry materials) into trucks or other railcars for transportation to other locations.
- 20. Sources authorized by §106.149: Sand and gravel production facilities that obtain material from deposits of sand and gravel consisting of natural disintegration of rock and stone, provided that crushing or breaking operations are not used and no blasting is conducted to obtain the material.

- 21. Sources authorized by §106.161: Animal feeding operations which confine animals in numbers specified and any associated on-site feed handling and/or feed millings operations, not including caged laying and caged pullet operations.
- 22. Sources authorized by §106.162: Livestock auction sales facilities.
- 23. Sources authorized by §106.163: All animal racing facilities, domestic animal shelters, zoos, and their associated confinement areas, stables, feeding areas, and waste collection and treatment facilities, other than incineration units
- 24. Sources authorized by §106.229: Equipment used exclusively for the dyeing or stripping of textiles.
- 25. Sources authorized by §106.241: Any facility where animals or poultry are slaughtered and prepared for human consumption provided that waste products such as blood, offal, and feathers are stored in such a manner as to prevent the creation of a nuisance condition and these waste products are removed from the premises daily or stored under refrigeration.
- 26. Sources authorized by §106.242: Equipment used in eating establishments for the purpose of preparing food for human consumption.
- 27. Sources authorized by §106.243: Smokehouses in which the maximum horizontal inside cross-sectional area does not exceed 100 square feet.
- 28. Sources authorized by §106.244: Ovens, mixers, blenders, barbecue pits, and cookers if the products are edible and intended for human consumption.
- 29. Sources authorized by §106.266: Vacuum cleaning systems used exclusively for industrial, commercial, or residential housekeeping purposes.
- 30. Sources authorized by §106.301: Aqueous fertilizer storage tanks.
- 31. Sources authorized by §106.313: All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 32. Sources authorized by §106.316: Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 33. Sources authorized by §106.317: Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 34. Sources authorized by §106.318: Die casting machines.
- 35. Sources authorized by §106.319: Foundry sand mold forming equipment to which no heat is applied.
- 36. Sources authorized by §106.331: Equipment used exclusively to package pharmaceuticals and cosmetics or to coat pharmaceutical tablets.
- 37. Sources authorized by §106.333: Equipment used exclusively for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperature to make water-based adhesives.
- 38. Sources authorized by §106.372: Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon
- 39. Sources authorized by §106.391: Presses used for the curing of rubber products and plastic products.
- 40. Sources authorized by §106.394: Equipment used for compression molding and injection molding of plastics.
- 41. Sources authorized by §106.414: Equipment used exclusively for the packaging of lubricants or greases.
- 42. Sources authorized by §106.415: Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers used for fabrics cleaned with water solutions of bleach or detergents.
- 43. Sources authorized by §106.431: Equipment used exclusively to mill or grind coatings and molding compounds where all materials charged are in paste form.
- 44. Sources authorized by §106.432: Containers, reservoirs, or tanks used exclusively for dipping operations for coating objects with oils, waxes, or greases where no organic solvents, diluents, or thinners are used; or dipping operations for applying coatings of natural or synthetic resins which contain no organic solvents.
- 45. Sources authorized by §106.451: Blast cleaning equipment using a suspension of abrasives in water.
- 46. Sources authorized by §106.453: Equipment used for washing or drying products fabricated from metal or glass, provided no volatile organic materials are used in the process and no oil or solid fuel is burned.
- 47. Sources authorized by §106.471: Equipment used exclusively to store or hold dry natural gas.
- 48. Sources authorized by §106.531: Sewage treatment facilities, excluding combustion or incineration equipment, land farms, or grease trap waste handling or treatment facilities.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute

information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
87-97-1510	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-1	Type of Service = New, modified, reconstructed or relocated diesel fuel-fired engine, placed into service on or after October 1, 2001, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average
87-97-1510	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-2	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 07/01/2006. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used. Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder. Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2014. Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW. Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines. Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
87-97-1510	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-2	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2 Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
GRPEMG-ENG	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7300-1	Type of Service = New, modified, reconstructed or relocated diesel fuel-fired engine, placed into service on or after October 1, 2001, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average
GRPEMG-ENG	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60111-1	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used. Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder. Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2014. Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 368 KW and less than or equal to 560KW.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
GRPEMG-ENG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-1	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
40-RCY-ISO	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-AMOC	Alternate Control Requirement = Using alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria, and demonstrating substantially equivalent reduction efficiencies approved by the TCEQ executive director.
40-RCY-ISO	40 CFR Part 60,	60Kb-3	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,890 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)
41-RCY-ISO	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-AMOC	Alternate Control Requirement = Using alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria, and demonstrating substantially equivalent reduction efficiencies approved by the TCEQ executive director.
41-RCY-ISO	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb		Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,890 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)
42-95-0421	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
	VOCs		Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
42-95-0421	40 CFR Part 60,		Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,890 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using two seals mounted one above the other to form a continuous closure

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
42-95-0422	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-79	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
42-95-0422	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-33	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,890 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
GRPENGTK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
GRPENGTK	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
PEGASTK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
PEGASTK	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
TK-01	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
TK-01	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-4	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,813 gallons but less than 39,890 gallons (capacity is greater than 75,000 liters but less than or equal to 151,000 liters)

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 2.2 psia
UNLOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.
UNLOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-2	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.
			Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a flare; or a vapor combustor considered to be a flare
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.
40-36-1013	30 TAC Chapter		Unit Type = Process heater
	117, Subchapter B		Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than 2 MMBtu/hr but less than 40 MMBtu/hr
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas
			NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC §§ 117.310(d)(3) and 117.310(a)(8)
			Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Complying with the applicable emission limit using a rolling 30-day average
			NOx Reduction = No NO_x reduction
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing [in accordance with 30 TAC § 117.8000]
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option
			CO Monitoring System = Emissions are monitored using method other than CEMS or PEMS.
40-36-1013	40 CFR Part 63,	63DDDDD-1	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began after June 4, 2010.
	Subpart DDDDD		ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = NO ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR
			FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS
			HEAT INPUT CAPACITY = RATED HEAT INPUT CAPACITY OF 10 MMBTU/HR OR LESS

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
41-36-1113	30 TAC Chapter	R7300-002	Unit Type = Process heater
	117, Subchapter B		Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than 2 MMBtu/hr but less than 40 MMBtu/hr
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas
			NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC §§ 117.310(d)(3) and 117.310(a)(8)
			Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Complying with the applicable emission limit using a rolling 30-day average
			NOx Reduction = No NO_x reduction
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing [in accordance with 30 TAC § 117.8000]
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option
			CO Monitoring System = Emissions are monitored using method other than CEMS or PEMS.
41-36-1113	40 CFR Part 63,	63DDDDD-1	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began after June 4, 2010.
	Subpart DDDDD		ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = NO ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR
			FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS
			HEAT INPUT CAPACITY = RATED HEAT INPUT CAPACITY OF 10 MMBTU/HR OR LESS
42-97-9610	30 TAC Chapter		Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
42-97-9610	30 TAC Chapter	R5720-145	Out of Service = Flare was not permanently out of service by April 1, 2006.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Total Gas Stream = Flare receives a total gas stream with greater than 100 ppmv HRVOC at some time.
	Cao		Gas Stream Concentration = Flare receives a gas stream containing 5% or greater HRVOC by weight at some time.
			Alternative Monitoring Approach = No alternative monitoring approaches as outlined in 115.725(m)(1) or 115.725(m)(2) are used.
			Modifications to Testing/Monitoring = No modifications to test methods or monitoring methods specified in this section.
			Flare Type = Flare is in multi-purpose service.
			Monitoring Requirements = Flare is complying with the continuous monitoring requirements of § 115.725(d).
			§115.725(h)(4) Alternative = Using the continuous monitoring requirements in § 115.725(d)(2).
			Tank Service = Flare is not in dedicated service for storage tanks with 95% or greater of an individual HRVOC.
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-HI-ST12-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the requirements in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(i).
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-HI-ST3-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the requirements in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(i).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-LO-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4)(i)-(iii) or (c)(5). Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-LO-2	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4)(i)-(iii) or (c)(5). Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-LO-3	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4)(i)-(iii) or (c)(5). Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-HI-ST12-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(i).
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-HI-ST3-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(i).
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-LO-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8). Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-LO-2	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8). Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
42-97-9610	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-LO-3	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
FUG-01	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitive Emissions	R5780-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes HRVOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter H, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
FUG-01	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
FUG-01	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner of operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC service subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD with no alternate control or control device.
			MANUFACTURED PRODUCT = Polypropylene or polyethylene
			CONTINUOUS PROCESS [NSPS DDD] = The affected facility process is a continuous process
			40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD CONSTRUCTION/MODIFICATION (RECONSTRUCTION) DATE = After January 10, 1989
			VOC Service = Some of the equipment comes into contact with a fluid containing < 10% by weight VOC.
			40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD DESIGN CAPACITY = Facility has a design capacity to produce greater than or equal to 1,000 Mg/yr
			CLOSED VENT SYSTEMS AND CONTROL DEVICES (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICES IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
			FLARE = USING A FLARE FOR CONTROL
			COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
FUG-01	40 CFR Part 60,	60DDD-AMEL	MANUFACTURED PRODUCT = Polypropylene or polyethylene
	Subpart DDD		CONTINUOUS PROCESS [NSPS DDD] = The affected facility process is a continuous process
			40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD CONSTRUCTION/MODIFICATION (RECONSTRUCTION) DATE = After January 10, 1989
			VOC Service = Some of the equipment comes into contact with a fluid containing < 10% by weight VOC.
			40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD DESIGN CAPACITY = Facility has a design capacity to produce greater than or equal to 1,000 Mg/yr
			EQUIPMENT IN VACUUM SERVICE = The fugitive unit contains equipment in vacuum service
			VOC SERVICE LESS THAN 300 HOURS = The owner or operator designated the equipment as being in VOC service less than 300 hours per year.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			PUMPS IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = PUMPS IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)PUMPS LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-2 = YES
			PUMPS IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = PUMPS IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)PUMPS HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = FLANGES OR CONNECTORS IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			COMPRESSORS (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = COMPRESSORS IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)COMPRESSORS [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-3 = YES
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN GAS/VAPOR SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN GAS/VAPOR SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-5 = YES
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			2.0% = The owner or operator is electing to comply with an allowable percentage of valves leaking of equal to or less than 2.0%.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)VALVES GAS/VAPOR, LIGHT LIQUID SVC [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-7 = YES
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)VALVES HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES [NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-6 = YES
			CLOSED VENT SYSTEMS AND CONTROL DEVICES (ANY SERVICE) [NSPS DDD] = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICES IN ANY SERVICE ADDRESSED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) SUBPART DDD INCLUDED IN THE FUGITIVE UNIT.
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL)-[NSPS DDD] = NOT USING EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL).
			COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
			VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM = NOT USING A VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM FOR CONTROL
			ENCLOSED COMBUSTION DEV. = NOT USING AN ENCLOSED COMBUSTION DEVICE FOR CONTROL
			FLARE = USING A FLARE FOR CONTROL
			EEL = EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION (EEL) APPROVED BY EPA ADMINISTRATOR UNDER 40 CFR 60.634, USED TO ACHIEVE REDUCTION IN VOC EMISSIONS AT LEAST EQUIVALENT TO REDUCTION ACHIEVED BY CONTROLS REQUIRED IN 40 CFR 60 (NSPS), SUBPART DDD.
			COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = NO
FUG-01	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in a new Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.
42-05-9201	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC	R5760-296	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption.
	Cooling Towers		Alternative Monitoring = Complying with the specified monitoring in 30 TAC § 115.764.
			Modified Monitoring = NOT USING MINOR MODIFICATIONS TO THE MONITORING AND TESTING METHODS IN 30 TAC § 115.764.
			Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor.
			Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate 8000 gpm or greater.
			Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a).
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to use a continuous flow monitor on each inlet of each cooling tower in accordance with § 115.764(a)(1), (b)(1), or (h)(1).
			Total Strippable VOC = Each individual heat exchanger in the cooling tower heat exchange system has less than 5.0% HRVOC in the process side and compliance with §115.764(d) is chosen.
42-05-9201	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	63Q-1	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.
42-97-9820	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water	R5131-1	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
	Separation		Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which separates materials having a true vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia (3.4 kPa) obtained from any equipment.
40-25-6300	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-1	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times. Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
40-25-6300	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-4	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
40-25-6300	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-25-6300	115, Vent Gas	nt Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which no more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-25-6300	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	ent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-1	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
40-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-4	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
40-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	5, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-2	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which no more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-35-1014	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
40-35-1014	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
41-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-1	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times. Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
41-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-4	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times. Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr). Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled. Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods. Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule. Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities. Waived Testing = The executive director waived testing for identical vents. Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
41-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule. Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected. Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
41-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-2	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which no more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected. Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
41-25-6301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
41-35-1114	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
41-35-1114	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT40ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-1	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times.
			Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
GRPVENT40ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-4	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
GRPVENT40ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT40ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-2	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which no more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT40ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	5, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT40ATM	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-3	Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1). Recovery Device = The TRE index is maintained without a recovery device.
GRPVENT41ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-1	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration less than 100 ppmv at all times. Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
GRPVENT41ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5721-4	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times. Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr). Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is uncontrolled.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Process knowledge and engineering calculations are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Meeting § 115.725(a).
GRPVENT41ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls	ontrols	Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT41ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	15, Vent Gas	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which no more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected. Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT41ATM	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 612 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = Either the VOC concentration or emission rate is greater than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions or the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are not being selected.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
GRPVENT41ATM	40 CFR Part 63,		Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1).
	Subpart FFFF		Recovery Device = The TRE index is maintained without a recovery device.
тох	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111-3	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is at least 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
VENT40FL	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-2	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
VENT40FL	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-4	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115
	115, Vent Gas Controls		establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control
			device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
VENT40FL	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-5	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria and demonstrating substantially equivalent reduction efficiencies approved by the TCEQ Executive Director.
VENT40FL	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or a waiver has not been requested.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT40FL	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-AMEL	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or a waiver has not been requested.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT40TOX	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-15	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 408 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
VENT40TOX	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-16	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
VENT40TOX	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-4	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet 98% reduction per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Meets 63.988(b)(2) = The control device does not meet the criteria in § 63.985(b)(2).
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT40TOX	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-5	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet a ppmv standard per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Meets 63.988(b)(2) = The control device does not meet the criteria in § 63.985(b)(2).
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT40VDU	30 TAC Chapter	AC Chapter HRVOC Vent	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
VENT40VDU	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-6	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
VENT40VDU	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet 98% reduction per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Combustion device other than an incinerator, boiler or process heater.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT41FL	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-2	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Exempt Date = The vent gas stream is not exempt.
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a flare.
VENT41FL	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-4	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls	rols	Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
VENT41FL	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-5	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria and demonstrating substantially equivalent reduction efficiencies approved by the TCEQ Executive Director.
VENT41FL	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or a waiver has not been requested.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT41FL	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-AMEL	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or a waiver has not been requested.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT41TOX	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-15	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream is emitted from a liquid phase slurry high-density polyethylene manufacturing process.
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 408 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
VENT41TOX	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-16	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of ethylene associated with the formation, handling, and storage of solidified low-density polyethylene in which more than 1.1 pounds of ethylene per 1,000 pounds of product are emitted.
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C).
VENT41TOX	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-4	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet 98% reduction per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Meets 63.988(b)(2) = The control device does not meet the criteria in § 63.985(b)(2).
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT41TOX	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-5	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet a ppmv standard per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
	·		Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator.
			Meets 63.988(b)(2) = The control device does not meet the criteria in § 63.985(b)(2).
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde.
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.
			Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
VENT41VDU	30 TAC Chapter	R5721-3	HRVOC Concentration = The vent gas stream has a HRVOC concentration of at least 100 ppmv at some times.
	115, HRVOC Vent Gas		Max Flow Rate = The vent gas stream has a maximum potential flow rate greater than 100 dry standard cubic feet per hour (ft3/hr).
			Vent Gas Stream Control = Vent gas stream is controlled by a control device other than a flare.
			Alternative Monitoring = Not using alternative monitoring and testing methods.
			Minor Modification = Not using any minor modification to the monitoring and testing methods of the rule.
			Process Knowledge = Testing using the specified appropriate reference methods and procedures are used to determine HRVOC emissions during emission events and scheduled startup, shutdown, and maintenance activities.
			Waived Testing = The executive director has not waived testing for identical vents.
			Testing Requirements = Continuous emissions monitoring system in lieu of testing requirements in § 115.725(a).
VENT41VDU	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-6	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Vapor combustor not considered to be a flare.
VENT41VDU	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a non-flare CD is being used to meet 98% reduction per § 63.2455(a) - Table 1.1.a.i.
			Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.
			Small Device = A small control device (defined in § 63.2550) is not being used.
			Alt 63SS Mon Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.
			CEMS = A CEMS is not used.
			SS Device Type = Combustion device other than an incinerator, boiler or process heater.
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.
			Hal Device Type = No halogen scrubber or other halogen reduction device is used.
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is not used.
			Assessment Waiver = The Administrator has not granted a waiver of compliance assessment or no waiver is requested.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Formaldehyde = The stream does not contain formaldehyde. Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure. Bypass Line = No bypass lines.
DG-01	30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	R5412-001	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine. Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested. Solvent Sprayed = No solvent is sprayed. Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is less than or equal to 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit. Solvent Heated = The solvent is heated to a temperature greater than 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Parts Larger than Drainage = Cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine. Drainage Area = Area is less than 16 square inches. Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.
PRODDDATM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD	60DDD-1	Manufactured Product = Polypropylene or polyethylene. Continuous Process = The affected facility process is continuous. Construction/Modification Date = After January 10, 1989. Experimental Process Line = The affected facility is a production process line. Polyolefin Production = More than one polyolefin is produced. Process Emissions = Individual vent gas streams emit continuous emissions. Uncontrolled Annual Emissions = Uncontrolled annual emissions are less than 1.6 Mg/yr (1.76 tpy). Weight Percent TOC = Weight percent of total organic compounds is 0.10% or greater. Control of Continuous Emissions = Vent gas stream emissions are not controlled with an existing control device (as defined in 40 CFR § 60.561).
42-97-9620	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7301-1	Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is 100 MMBtu/hr or greater NOx Emission Limitation = Complying with 30 TAC § 117.310(a)(16) NOx Reduction = No NO _x reduction method NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1) NOx Averaging Method = Complying with the applicable emission limits using a block one-hour average Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.340(a) or 117.440(a) CO Emission Limitation = Complying with 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) CO Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
42-97-9620	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7301-2	Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is 100 MMBtu/hr or greater NOx Emission Limitation = Complying with 30 TAC § 117.310(a)(16)

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x reduction method
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1)
			NOx Averaging Method = Complying with the applicable emission limits using a block one-hour average
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.340(a) or 117.440(a)
			CO Emission Limitation = Complying with an Alternative Case Specific Specification under 30 TAC §§ 117.325 or 117.425
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
PROUNIT40	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Ammonium Sulfate = The MCPU does not include the manufacture of ammonium sulfate as a by-product, or the slurry entering the by-product manufacturing process contains 50 parts per million by weight (ppmw) HAP or less or 10 ppmw benzene or less.
			Other Operations = The MCPU includes operations other than those listed in § 63.2435(c).
			63.100 CMPU = The MCPU is not a CMPU defined in § 63.100.
			G2/<1000 lb/yr = The process does not include Group 2 batch process vents and/or uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from the sum of all batch and continuous process vents less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			Startup 2003 = The affected source startup was on or after November 10, 2003.
			Shared Batch Vent = The MCPU does not include a batch process vent that also is part of a CMPU as defined in subparts F and G of this part 63.
			PUG = The MCPU is not part of a process unit group (PUG).
			Startup 2002 = The affected source initial startup was on or after April 4, 2002.
			>1000 lb/yr = The process has uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from process vents of less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			New Source = The MCPU is a new affected source as described in § 63.2440(c)(1) or (2).
			HAP Metals = Uncontrolled emissions from process vents are less than 150 lb/yr of HAP metals.
			Batch Process Vents = The source does not include batch process vents.
PROUNIT41	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Ammonium Sulfate = The MCPU does not include the manufacture of ammonium sulfate as a by-product, or the slurry entering the by-product manufacturing process contains 50 parts per million by weight (ppmw) HAP or less or 10 ppmw benzene or less.
			Other Operations = The MCPU includes operations other than those listed in § 63.2435(c).
			63.100 CMPU = The MCPU is not a CMPU defined in § 63.100.
			G2/<1000 lb/yr = The process does not include Group 2 batch process vents and/or uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from the sum of all batch and continuous process vents less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			Startup 2003 = The affected source startup was on or after November 10, 2003.
			Shared Batch Vent = The MCPU does not include a batch process vent that also is part of a CMPU as defined in subparts F and G of this part 63.
			PUG = The MCPU is not part of a process unit group (PUG).
			Startup 2002 = The affected source initial startup was on or after April 4, 2002.
			>1000 lb/yr = The process has uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from process vents of less than 1,000 lb/yr.
			New Source = The MCPU is a new affected source as described in § 63.2440(c)(1) or (2).
			HAP Metals = Uncontrolled emissions from process vents are less than 150 lb/yr of HAP metals.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Batch Process Vents = The source does not include batch process vents.

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit (FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOPs are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. In addition, many of the permits are

accessible online through the link provided below. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. Permit by Rule (PBR) registrations submitted by permittees are also available online through the link provided below. The following table specifies the PBRs that apply to the site.

The status of air permits, applications, and PBR registrations may be found by performing the appropriate search of the databases located at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Details on how to search the databases are available in the **Obtaining Permit Documents** section below.

New Source Review Authorization References

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits		
PSD Permit No.: GHGPSDTX196M1	Issuance Date: 10/15/2021	
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1566M1	Issuance Date: 10/15/2021	
Nonattainment (NA) Permits		
NA Permit No.: N166M4	Issuance Date: 10/15/2021	
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits by Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.		
Authorization No.: 103832	Issuance Date: 10/15/2021	
Authorization No.: 155893	Issuance Date: 04/03/2019	
Permits by Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area		
Number: 106.122	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.393	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.412	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.478	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	

Permits by Rule

The TCEQ has interpreted the emission limits prescribed in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as both emission thresholds and default emission limits. The emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) are all considered applicable to each facility as a threshold matter to ensure that the owner/operator qualifies for the PBR authorization. Those same emission limits are also the default emission limits if the specific PBR does not further limit emissions or there is no lower, certified emission limit claimed by the owner/operator.

This interpretation is consistent with how TCEQ has historically determined compliance with the emission limits prior to the addition of the "as applicable" language. The "as applicable" language was added in 2014 as part of changes to the sentence structure in a rulemaking that made other changes to address greenhouse gases and was not intended as a substantive rule change. This interpretation also provides for effective and practical enforcement of 30 TAC §106.4(a), since for the TCEQ to effectively enforce the emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as emission thresholds, all emission

limits must apply. As provided by 30 TAC §106.4(a)(2) and (3), an owner/operator shall not claim a PBR authorization if the facility is subject to major New Source Review. The practical and legal effect of the language in 30 TAC § 106.4 is that if a facility does not emit a pollutant, then the potential to emit for that particular pollutant is zero, and thus, the facility is not authorized to emit the pollutant pursuant to the PBR.

The permit holder is required to keep records for demonstrating compliance with PBRs in accordance with 30 TAC § 106.8 for the following categories:

- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(a), the permit holder is not required to keep records for de minimis sources as designated in 30 TAC § 116.119.
- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(b) for PBRs on the insignificant activities list, the permit holder is required to provide information that would demonstrate compliance with the general requirements of 30 TAC § 106.4.
- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(c) for all other PBRs, the permit holder must maintain sufficient records to demonstrate compliance with the general requirements specified in 30 TAC § 106.4 and to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits and any specific conditions of the PBR as applicable.

The application, or a previously submitted application, contains a PBR Supplemental Table. This table provides supplemental information for all PBR authorizations at the site or application area, including PBRs that are not listed on the OP-REQ1 form. PBRs that are not listed on the OP-REQ1 form authorize emission units that the TCEQ has determined are insignificant sources of emissions (IEUs). PBRs are enforceable through permit condition number 13. The EPA gives States broad discretion in prescribing monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting for generally applicable requirements that cover insignificant emission units. (see EPA White Paper Number 2 for Improved Implementation of the Part 70 Operating Permits Program). Federal regulations specifically identify recordkeeping as an appropriate level of monitoring necessary to assure compliance with the requirements applicable to an emissions unit. Permitting authorities have the best sense of where it is appropriate to conclude that periodic monitoring is not necessary for IEUs, when state program rules already provide sufficient monitoring for these units.

In the case of IEUs in particular, the recordkeeping in 30 TAC §106.8 is sufficient because the units do not have the potential to violate emission limitations or other requirements under normal operating conditions. In particular, where the establishment of a regular program of monitoring would not significantly enhance the ability of the permit to assure compliance with the applicable requirement, the permitting authority can provide that the applicable requirement has monitoring sufficient to yield reliable data that is representative of the emission unit's compliance with the limitations. Therefore, for IEUs compliance with 30 TAC §106.8 is sufficient to meet federal monitoring requirements.

The PBR records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, safety data sheets (SDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, or parametric monitoring. The PBR records also satisfy the federal operating permit periodic monitoring requirements of 30 TAC § 122.142(c) as they are representative of the emission unit's compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 106.

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM):

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is a federal monitoring program established under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 64 (40 CFR Part 64).

Emission units are subject to CAM requirements if they meet the following criteria:

- 1. the emission unit is subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement;
- 2. the emission unit uses a control device to achieve compliance with the emission limitation or standard specified in the applicable requirement; and
- 3. the emission unit has the pre-control device potential to emit greater than or equal to the amount in tons per year for a site to be classified as a major source.

The following table(s) identify the emission unit(s) that are subject to CAM:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 40-RCY-ISO		
Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-3	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1)	
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information ID No.: 41-RCY-ISO Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610 Applicable Regulatory Requirement Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1) Monitoring Information

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information ID No.: VENT40FL Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610 Control Device Type: Flare Applicable Regulatory Requirement Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1) Monitoring Information

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information ID No.: VENT40FL Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610 Control Device Type: Flare Applicable Regulatory Requirement Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.123(a)(1) Monitoring Information

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT40TOX	
Control Device ID No.: TOX Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-16
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Minimum Temperature = 1300°F

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT40TOX	
Control Device ID No.: TOX	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-15
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Minimum Temperature = 1300°F

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT40VDU	
Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9620	Control Device Type: Vapor Combustor
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: At all times waste gas is directed to the VDU, as indicated by the flow monitor

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: No Pilot Flame

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information ID No.: VENT41FL Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610 Control Device Type: Flare **Applicable Regulatory Requirement** Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls SOP Index No.: R5121-4 Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1) **Monitoring Information**

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information ID No.: VENT41FL Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9610 Applicable Regulatory Requirement Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.123(a)(1) Monitoring Information

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: Continuous

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: If monitoring devices indicate absence of a pilot flame, visually confirm pilot flame using camera feed in the control room. A deviation should be considered if absence of a pilot flame is indicated by monitoring devices and visual indication.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT41TOX	
Control Device ID No.: TOX	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-16
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Minimum Temperature = 1300°F

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT41TOX	
Control Device ID No.: TOX	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-15
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Minimum Temperature = 1300°F

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: VENT41VDU	
Control Device ID No.: 42-97-9620	Control Device Type: Vapor Combustor
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	

Indicator: Pilot Flame

Minimum Frequency: At all times waste gas is directed to the VDU, as indicated by the flow monitor

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: No Pilot Flame

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: DG-01		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	SOP Index No.: R5412-001	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.412(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visual Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Monthly		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Cover shall be kept closed whenever cleaner is not in use, and any monitoring data which indicates that the cold cleaner is not in compliance with the applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 115.412(1) shall be considered		

Basis of monitoring:

and reported as a deviation.

The monitoring option to cover cold cleaner or the open-top vapor cleaner was included in the EPA "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources. In addition to covering the cleaner records of monthly inspections of equipment is an effective way to ensure that the system is operating in accordance with its design.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: TOX	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-3
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visible Emissions	

Minimum Frequency: Once per week

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: If visible emissions are observed, it should be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Obtaining Permit Documents

The New Source Review Authorization References table in the FOP specifies all NSR authorizations that apply at the permit area covered by the FOP. Individual NSR permitting files are located in the TCEQ Central File Room (TCEQ Main Campus located at 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, Building E, Room 103). They can also be obtained electronically from TCEQ's Central File Room Online (https://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cfr-online). Guidance documents that describe how to search electronic records, including Permits by Rule (PBRs) or NSR permits incorporated by reference into an FOP, archived in the Central File Room server are available at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

All current PBRs are contained in Chapter 106 and can be viewed at the following website:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/air_pbr_index.html

Previous versions of 30 TAC Chapter 106 PBRs may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical rules/old106list/index106.html

Historical Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

Additional information concerning PBRs is available on the TCEQ website:

https://www.tceg.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air pbr.html

Compliance Review

- 1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on <u>June 25, 2021</u>.

 Site rating: <u>6.10 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: <u>6.66 / Satisfactory</u>

 (High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and < 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)
- 2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?......No

Available Unit Attribute Forms

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- **OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes**
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes

- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes
- OP-UA64 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes